CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## HOUSE BILL 1465

Chapter 195, Laws of 2011

62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

LIQUOR LICENSES--CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/22/11

Passed by the House April 13, 2011 Yeas 96 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 5, 2011 Yeas 47 Nays 2

the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 1465** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BARBARA BAKER

Chief Clerk

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved April 29, 2011, 3:34 p.m.

FILED

April 29, 2011

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

CERTIFICATE I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of

the House of Representatives of

## HOUSE BILL 1465

## AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2011 Regular Session

## State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

**By** Representatives Hunt, Taylor, McCoy, Appleton, Condotta, Miloscia, and Dunshee; by request of Liquor Control Board

Read first time 01/21/11. Referred to Committee on State Government & Tribal Affairs.

AN ACT Relating to conditions and restrictions for liquor licenses; amending RCW 66.24.010, 66.24.410, 66.24.371, and 66.24.240; and reenacting and amending RCW 66.04.010 and 66.24.244.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 66.24.010 and 2009 c 271 s 6 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) Every license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, and
8 the holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license.

(2) For the purpose of considering any application for a license, 9 or the renewal of a license, the board may cause an inspection of the 10 premises to be made, and may inquire into all matters in connection 11 12 with the construction and operation of the premises. For the purpose of reviewing any application for a license and for considering the 13 denial, suspension, revocation, or renewal or denial thereof, of any 14 license, the liquor control board may consider any prior criminal 15 conduct of the applicant including an administrative violation history 16 record with the board and a criminal history record information check. 17 The board may submit the criminal history record information check to 18 19 the Washington state patrol and to the identification division of the

federal bureau of investigation in order that these agencies may search 1 2 their records for prior arrests and convictions of the individual or individuals who filled out the forms. The board shall require 3 fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history record 4 5 information check is submitted to the federal bureau of investigation. The provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A RCW shall not apply 6 7 to such cases. Subject to the provisions of this section, the board may, in its discretion, grant or deny the renewal or license applied 8 for. Denial may be based on, without limitation, the existence of 9 chronic illegal activity documented in objections submitted pursuant to 10 subsections (8)(d) and (12) of this section. Authority to approve an 11 uncontested or unopposed license may be granted by the board to any 12 staff member the board designates in writing. Conditions for granting 13 14 such authority shall be adopted by rule. No retail license of any kind may be issued to: 15

16 (a) A person doing business as a sole proprietor who has not 17 resided in the state for at least one month prior to receiving a 18 license, except in cases of licenses issued to dining places on 19 railroads, boats, or aircraft;

(b) A copartnership, unless all of the members thereof arequalified to obtain a license, as provided in this section;

(c) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless such manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee;

(d) A corporation or a limited liability company, unless it was created under the laws of the state of Washington or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in the state of Washington.

(3)(a) The board may, in its discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 66.08.150, suspend or cancel any license; and all rights of the licensee to keep or sell liquor thereunder shall be suspended or terminated, as the case may be.

33 (b) The board shall immediately suspend the license or certificate 34 of a person who has been certified pursuant to RCW 74.20A.320 by the 35 department of social and health services as a person who is not in 36 compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet 37 all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, 38 reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the

1 board's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and 2 health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the 3 order.

4 (c) The board may request the appointment of administrative law 5 judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who shall have power to administer 6 oaths, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the 7 production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony, 8 examine witnesses, and to receive testimony in any inquiry, 9 investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state, under 10 such rules and regulations as the board may adopt.

(d) Witnesses shall be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any such inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.

16 (e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the order 17 of the board or a subpoena issued by the board, or any of its members, or administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify 18 to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, 19 the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person 20 21 resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative 22 law judge, shall compel obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the 23 case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein. 24

(4) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a 25 license, the licensee shall forthwith deliver up the license to the 26 27 board. Where the license has been suspended only, the board shall return the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of 28 the period of suspension. The board shall notify all vendors in the 29 city or place where the licensee has its premises of the suspension or 30 31 cancellation of the license; and no employee may allow or cause any 32 liquor to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of that licensee. 33

34 (5)(a) At the time of the original issuance of a spirits, beer, and 35 wine restaurant license, the board shall prorate the license fee 36 charged to the new licensee according to the number of calendar 37 quarters, or portion thereof, remaining until the first renewal of that 38 license is required.

(b) Unless sooner canceled, every license issued by the board shall 1 2 expire at midnight of the thirtieth day of June of the fiscal year for which it was issued. However, if the board deems it feasible and 3 desirable to do so, it may establish, by rule pursuant to chapter 34.05 4 5 RCW, a system for staggering the annual renewal dates for any and all licenses authorized by this chapter. If such a system of staggered б 7 annual renewal dates is established by the board, the license fees provided by this chapter shall be appropriately prorated during the 8 9 first year that the system is in effect.

10 (6) Every license issued under this section shall be subject to all 11 conditions and restrictions imposed by this title or by rules adopted 12 by the board. All conditions and restrictions imposed by the board in 13 the issuance of an individual license ((shall)) may be listed on the 14 face of the individual license along with the trade name, address, and 15 expiration date. <u>Conditions and restrictions imposed by the board may</u> 16 also be included in official correspondence separate from the license.

17 (7) Every licensee shall post and keep posted its license, or 18 licenses, <u>and any additional correspondence containing conditions and</u> 19 <u>restrictions imposed by the board</u> in a conspicuous place on the 20 premises.

(8)(a) Unless (b) of this subsection applies, before the board issues a new or renewal license to an applicant it shall give notice of such application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town, if the application is for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the application is for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.

(b) If the application for a special occasion license is for an 28 event held during a county, district, or area fair as defined by RCW 29 15.76.120, and the county, district, or area fair is located on 30 property owned by the county but located within an incorporated city or 31 32 town, the county legislative authority shall be the entity notified by the board under (a) of this subsection. The board shall send a 33 duplicate notice to the incorporated city or town within which the fair 34 is located. 35

36 (c) The incorporated city or town through the official or employee 37 selected by it, or the county legislative authority or the official or 38 employee selected by it, shall have the right to file with the board

within twenty days after the date of transmittal of such notice for applications, or at least thirty days prior to the expiration date for renewals, written objections against the applicant or against the premises for which the new or renewal license is asked. The board may extend the time period for submitting written objections.

(d) The written objections shall include a statement of all facts 6 7 upon which such objections are based, and in case written objections are filed, the city or town or county legislative authority may request 8 and the liquor control board may in its discretion hold a hearing 9 subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. If the board 10 makes an initial decision to deny a license or renewal based on the 11 written objections of an incorporated city or town or county 12 13 legislative authority, the applicant may request a hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. If such a hearing is held 14 at the request of the applicant, liquor control board representatives 15 16 shall present and defend the board's initial decision to deny a license 17 or renewal.

(e) Upon the granting of a license under this title the board shall 18 send written notification to the chief executive officer of the 19 incorporated city or town in which the license is granted, or to the 20 21 county legislative authority if the license is granted outside the 22 boundaries of incorporated cities or towns. When the license is for a special occasion license for an event held during a county, district, 23 24 or area fair as defined by RCW 15.76.120, and the county, district, or 25 area fair is located on county-owned property but located within an incorporated city or town, the written notification shall be sent to 26 27 both the incorporated city or town and the county legislative authority. 28

(9)(a) Before the board issues any license to any applicant, it 29 shall give (i) due consideration to the location of the business to be 30 conducted under such license with respect to the proximity of churches, 31 32 schools, and public institutions and (ii) written notice, with receipt verification, of the application to public institutions identified by 33 the board as appropriate to receive such notice, churches, and schools 34 within five hundred feet of the premises to be licensed. The board 35 shall not issue a liquor license for either on-premises or off-premises 36 37 consumption covering any premises not now licensed, if such premises 38 are within five hundred feet of the premises of any tax-supported

public elementary or secondary school measured along the most direct 1 2 route over or across established public walks, streets, or other public passageway from the main entrance of the school to the nearest public 3 entrance of the premises proposed for license, and if, after receipt by 4 5 the school of the notice as provided in this subsection, the board receives written objection, within twenty days after receiving such 6 7 notice, from an official representative or representatives of the school within five hundred feet of said proposed licensed premises, 8 indicating to the board that there is an objection to the issuance of 9 such license because of proximity to a school. The board may extend 10 the time period for submitting objections. For the purpose of this 11 section, "church" means a building erected for and used exclusively for 12 13 religious worship and schooling or other activity in connection 14 therewith. For the purpose of this section, "public institution" means institutions of higher education, parks, community centers, libraries, 15 and transit centers. 16

(b) No liquor license may be issued or reissued by the board to any motor sports facility or licensee operating within the motor sports facility unless the motor sports facility enforces a program reasonably calculated to prevent alcohol or alcoholic beverages not purchased within the facility from entering the facility and such program is approved by local law enforcement agencies.

(c) It is the intent under this subsection (9) that a retail 23 24 license shall not be issued by the board where doing so would, in the 25 judgment of the board, adversely affect a private school meeting the requirements for private schools under Title 28A RCW, which school is 26 27 within five hundred feet of the proposed licensee. The board shall fully consider and give substantial weight to objections filed by 28 private schools. If a license is issued despite the proximity of a 29 private school, the board shall state in a letter addressed to the 30 private school the board's reasons for issuing the license. 31

(10) The restrictions set forth in subsection (9) of this section shall not prohibit the board from authorizing the assumption of existing licenses now located within the restricted area by other persons or licenses or relocations of existing licensed premises within the restricted area. In no case may the licensed premises be moved closer to a church or school than it was before the assumption or relocation.

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1 (11)(a) Nothing in this section prohibits the board, in its 2 discretion, from issuing a temporary retail or distributor license to 3 an applicant to operate the retail or distributor premises during the 4 period the application for the license is pending. The board may 5 establish a fee for a temporary license by rule.

6 (b) A temporary license issued by the board under this section 7 shall be for a period not to exceed sixty days. A temporary license 8 may be extended at the discretion of the board for additional periods 9 of sixty days upon payment of an additional fee and upon compliance 10 with all conditions required in this section.

(c) Refusal by the board to issue or extend a temporary license shall not entitle the applicant to request a hearing. A temporary license may be canceled or suspended summarily at any time if the board determines that good cause for cancellation or suspension exists. RCW 66.08.130 applies to temporary licenses.

(d) Application for a temporary license shall be on such form as the board shall prescribe. If an application for a temporary license is withdrawn before issuance or is refused by the board, the fee which accompanied such application shall be refunded in full.

(12) In determining whether to grant or deny a license or renewal 20 21 of any license, the board shall give substantial weight to objections 22 from an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority based upon chronic illegal activity associated with the 23 applicant's 24 operations of the premises proposed to be licensed or the applicant's operation of any other licensed premises, or the conduct of the 25 applicant's patrons inside or outside the licensed premises. "Chronic 26 27 illegal activity" means (a) a pervasive pattern of activity that threatens the public health, safety, and welfare of the city, town, or 28 county including, but not limited to, open container violations, 29 assaults, disturbances, disorderly conduct, or other criminal law 30 violations, or as documented in crime statistics, police reports, 31 emergency medical response data, calls for service, field data, or 32 similar records of a law enforcement agency for the city, town, county, 33 34 or any other municipal corporation or any state agency; or (b) an 35 unreasonably high number of citations for violations of RCW 46.61.502 36 associated with the applicant's or licensee's operation of any licensed 37 premises as indicated by the reported statements given to law 38 enforcement upon arrest.

1 Sec. 2. RCW 66.24.410 and 2007 c 370 s 18 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) "Spirituous liquor," as used in RCW 66.24.400 to 66.24.450,
4 inclusive, means "liquor" as defined in RCW 66.04.010, except "wine"
5 and "beer" sold as such.

(2) "Restaurant" as used in RCW 66.24.400 to 66.24.450, inclusive, 6 7 means an establishment provided with special space and accommodations where, in consideration of payment, food, without lodgings, 8 is 9 habitually furnished to the public, not including drug stores and soda fountains: PROVIDED, That such establishments shall be approved by the 10 board and that the board shall be satisfied that such establishment is 11 12 maintained in a substantial manner as a place for preparing, cooking 13 and serving of complete meals. ((The service of only fry orders or such food and victuals as sandwiches, hamburgers, or salads shall not 14 be-deemed-in-compliance-with-this-definition)) Requirements for 15 16 complete meals shall be determined by the board in rules adopted 17 pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW.

18 (3) "Hotel," "clubs," "wine" and "beer" are used in RCW 66.24.400
19 to 66.24.450, inclusive, with the meaning given in chapter 66.04 RCW.

20 Sec. 3. RCW 66.04.010 and 2009 c 373 s 1 and 2009 c 271 s 2 are 21 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

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In this title, unless the context otherwise requires:

23 (1) "Alcohol" is that substance known as ethyl alcohol, hydrated 24 oxide of ethyl, or spirit of wine, which is commonly produced by the fermentation or distillation of grain, starch, molasses, or sugar, or 25 26 other substances including all dilutions and mixtures of this The term "alcohol" does not include alcohol in the 27 substance. possession of a manufacturer or distiller of alcohol fuel, as described 28 in RCW 66.12.130, which is intended to be denatured and used as a fuel 29 30 for use in motor vehicles, farm implements, and machines or implements 31 of husbandry.

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(2) "Authorized representative" means a person who:

(a) Is required to have a federal basic permit issued pursuant to
 the federal alcohol administration act, 27 U.S.C. Sec. 204;

35 (b) Has its business located in the United States outside of the 36 state of Washington; (c) Acquires ownership of beer or wine for transportation into and
 resale in the state of Washington; and which beer or wine is produced
 by a brewery or winery in the United States outside of the state of
 Washington; and

5 (d) Is appointed by the brewery or winery referenced in (c) of this 6 subsection as its authorized representative for marketing and selling 7 its products within the United States in accordance with a written 8 agreement between the authorized representative and such brewery or 9 winery pursuant to this title.

10 (3) "Beer" means any malt beverage, flavored malt beverage, or malt 11 liquor as these terms are defined in this chapter.

12 (4) "Beer distributor" means a person who buys beer from a domestic 13 brewery, microbrewery, beer certificate of approval holder, or beer 14 importers, or who acquires foreign produced beer from a source outside 15 of the United States, for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to 16 this title, or who represents such brewer or brewery as agent.

17 (5) "Beer importer" means a person or business within Washington 18 who purchases beer from a beer certificate of approval holder or who 19 acquires foreign produced beer from a source outside of the United 20 States for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to this title.

21 (6) "Board" means the liquor control board, constituted under this 22 title.

(7) "Brewer" or "brewery" means any person engaged in the business 23 24 of manufacturing beer and malt liquor. Brewer includes a brand owner 25 of malt beverages who holds a brewer's notice with the federal bureau of alcohol, tobacco, and firearms at a location outside the state and 26 27 whose malt beverage is contract-produced by a licensed in-state brewery, and who may exercise within the state, under a domestic 28 brewery license, only the privileges of storing, selling to licensed 29 beer distributors, and exporting beer from the state. 30

(8) "Club" means an organization of persons, incorporated or
 unincorporated, operated solely for fraternal, benevolent, educational,
 athletic or social purposes, and not for pecuniary gain.

(9) "Confection" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other
 natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits,
 nuts, dairy products, or flavorings, in the form of bars, drops, or
 pieces.

(10) "Consume" includes the putting of liquor to any use, whether
 by drinking or otherwise.

3 (11) "Contract liquor store" means a business that sells liquor on
4 behalf of the board through a contract with a contract liquor store
5 manager.

6 (12) "Craft distillery" means a distillery that pays the reduced 7 licensing fee under RCW 66.24.140.

8 (13) "Dentist" means a practitioner of dentistry duly and regularly 9 licensed and engaged in the practice of his profession within the state 10 pursuant to chapter 18.32 RCW.

11 (14) "Distiller" means a person engaged in the business of 12 distilling spirits.

13 (15) "Domestic brewery" means a place where beer and malt liquor 14 are manufactured or produced by a brewer within the state.

(16) "Domestic winery" means a place where wines are manufacturedor produced within the state of Washington.

17 (17) "Drug store" means a place whose principal business is, the 18 sale of drugs, medicines and pharmaceutical preparations and maintains 19 a regular prescription department and employs a registered pharmacist 20 during all hours the drug store is open.

(18) "Druggist" means any person who holds a valid certificate and is a registered pharmacist and is duly and regularly engaged in carrying on the business of pharmaceutical chemistry pursuant to chapter 18.64 RCW.

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(19) "Employee" means any person employed by the board.

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(20) "Flavored malt beverage" means:

(a) A malt beverage containing six percent or less alcohol by volume to which flavoring or other added nonbeverage ingredients are added that contain distilled spirits of not more than forty-nine percent of the beverage's overall alcohol content; or

(b) A malt beverage containing more than six percent alcohol by volume to which flavoring or other added nonbeverage ingredients are added that contain distilled spirits of not more than one and one-half percent of the beverage's overall alcohol content.

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(21) "Fund" means 'liquor revolving fund.'

36 (22) "Hotel" means buildings, structures, and grounds, having 37 facilities for preparing, cooking, and serving food, that are kept, 38 used, maintained, advertised, or held out to the public to be a place where food is served and sleeping accommodations are offered for pay to transient guests, in which twenty or more rooms are used for the sleeping accommodation of such transient guests. The buildings, structures, and grounds must be located on adjacent property either owned or leased by the same person or persons.

6 (23) "Importer" means a person who buys distilled spirits from a 7 distillery outside the state of Washington and imports such spirituous 8 liquor into the state for sale to the board or for export.

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(24) "Imprisonment" means confinement in the county jail.

(25) "Liquor" includes the four varieties of liquor herein defined 10 (alcohol, spirits, wine and beer), and all fermented, spirituous, 11 12 vinous, or malt liquor, or combinations thereof, and mixed liquor, a 13 part of which is fermented, spirituous, vinous or malt liquor, or 14 otherwise intoxicating; and every liquid or solid or semisolid or other substance, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer, 15 and all drinks or drinkable liquids and all preparations or mixtures 16 17 capable of human consumption, and any liquid, semisolid, solid, or other substance, which contains more than one percent of alcohol by 18 weight shall be conclusively deemed to be intoxicating. Liquor does 19 not include confections or food products that contain one percent or 20 21 less of alcohol by weight.

22 (26) "Malt beverage" or "malt liquor" means any beverage such as beer, ale, lager beer, stout, and porter obtained by the alcoholic 23 24 fermentation of an infusion or decoction of pure hops, or pure extract 25 of hops and pure barley malt or other wholesome grain or cereal in pure water containing not more than eight percent of alcohol by weight, and 26 27 not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume. For the purposes of this title, any such beverage containing more than eight 28 percent of alcohol by weight shall be referred to as "strong beer." 29

30 (27) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the preparation of 31 liquor for sale, in any form whatsoever.

32 (28) "Nightclub" means an establishment that provides entertainment 33 and has as its primary source of revenue (a) the sale of alcohol for 34 consumption on the premises, (b) cover charges, or (c) both((<del>, and has</del> 35 <del>an occupancy load of one hundred or more</del>)).

36 (29) "Package" means any container or receptacle used for holding 37 liquor. (30) "Passenger vessel" means any boat, ship, vessel, barge, or
 other floating craft of any kind carrying passengers for compensation.

3 (31) "Permit" means a permit for the purchase of liquor under this4 title.

5 (32) "Person" means an individual, copartnership, association, or6 corporation.

7 (33) "Physician" means a medical practitioner duly and regularly
8 licensed and engaged in the practice of his profession within the state
9 pursuant to chapter 18.71 RCW.

10 (34) "Prescription" means a memorandum signed by a physician and 11 given by him to a patient for the obtaining of liquor pursuant to this 12 title for medicinal purposes.

(35) "Public place" includes streets and alleys of incorporated 13 cities and towns; state or county or township highways or roads; 14 buildings and grounds used for school purposes; public dance halls and 15 16 grounds adjacent thereto; those parts of establishments where beer may 17 be sold under this title, soft drink establishments, public buildings, public meeting halls, lobbies, halls and dining rooms of hotels, 18 19 restaurants, theatres, stores, garages and filling stations which are 20 open to and are generally used by the public and to which the public is 21 permitted to have unrestricted access; railroad trains, stages, and 22 other public conveyances of all kinds and character, and the depots and 23 waiting rooms used in conjunction therewith which are open to 24 unrestricted use and access by the public; publicly owned bathing 25 beaches, parks, and/or playgrounds; and all other places of like or 26 similar nature to which the general public has unrestricted right of 27 access, and which are generally used by the public.

28 (36) "Regulations" means regulations made by the board under the 29 powers conferred by this title.

30 (37) "Restaurant" means any establishment provided with special
31 space and accommodations where, in consideration of payment, food,
32 without lodgings, is habitually furnished to the public, not including
33 drug stores and soda fountains.

34 (38) "Sale" and "sell" include exchange, barter, and traffic; and 35 also include the selling or supplying or distributing, by any means 36 whatsoever, of liquor, or of any liquid known or described as beer or 37 by any name whatever commonly used to describe malt or brewed liquor or 38 of wine, by any person to any person; and also include a sale or 1 selling within the state to a foreign consignee or his agent in the 2 state. "Sale" and "sell" shall not include the giving, at no charge, 3 of a reasonable amount of liquor by a person not licensed by the board 4 to a person not licensed by the board, for personal use only. "Sale" 5 and "sell" also does not include a raffle authorized under RCW 6 9.46.0315: PROVIDED, That the nonprofit organization conducting the 7 raffle has obtained the appropriate permit from the board.

8 (39) "Soda fountain" means a place especially equipped with 9 apparatus for the purpose of dispensing soft drinks, whether mixed or 10 otherwise.

11 (40) "Spirits" means any beverage which contains alcohol obtained 12 by distillation, except flavored malt beverages, but including wines 13 exceeding twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume.

14 (41) "Store" means a state liquor store established under this 15 title.

16 (42) "Tavern" means any establishment with special space and 17 accommodation for sale by the glass and for consumption on the 18 premises, of beer, as herein defined.

any alcoholic beverage obtained 19 (43)(a) "Wine" means by fermentation of fruits (grapes, berries, apples, et cetera) or other 20 21 agricultural product containing sugar, to which any saccharine 22 substances may have been added before, during or after fermentation, 23 and containing not more than twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume, 24 including sweet wines fortified with wine spirits, such as port, sherry, muscatel and angelica, not exceeding twenty-four percent of 25 alcohol by volume and not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol 26 27 by volume. For purposes of this title, any beverage containing no more than fourteen percent of alcohol by volume when bottled or packaged by 28 the manufacturer shall be referred to as "table wine," and any beverage 29 containing alcohol in an amount more than fourteen percent by volume 30 31 when bottled or packaged by the manufacturer shall be referred to as 32 "fortified wine." However, "fortified wine" shall not include: (i) Wines that are both sealed or capped by cork closure and aged two years 33 or more; and (ii) wines that contain more than fourteen percent alcohol 34 by volume solely as a result of the natural fermentation process and 35 that have not been produced with the addition of wine spirits, brandy, 36 37 or alcohol.

(b) This subsection shall not be interpreted to require that any
 wine be labeled with the designation "table wine" or "fortified wine."

3 (44) "Wine distributor" means a person who buys wine from a 4 domestic winery, wine certificate of approval holder, or wine importer, 5 or who acquires foreign produced wine from a source outside of the 6 United States, for the purpose of selling the same not in violation of 7 this title, or who represents such vintner or winery as agent.

8 (45) "Wine importer" means a person or business within Washington 9 who purchases wine from a wine certificate of approval holder or who 10 acquires foreign produced wine from a source outside of the United 11 States for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to this title.

12 (46) "Winery" means a business conducted by any person for the 13 manufacture of wine for sale, other than a domestic winery.

14 **Sec. 4.** RCW 66.24.371 and 2009 c 373 s 6 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

16 (1) There shall be a beer and/or wine retailer's license to be 17 designated as a beer and/or wine specialty shop license to sell beer, strong beer, and/or wine at retail in bottles, cans, and original 18 containers, not to be consumed upon the premises where sold, at any 19 20 store other than the state liquor stores. Licensees obtaining a 21 written endorsement from the board may also sell malt liquor in kegs or other containers capable of holding four gallons or more of liquid. 22 23 The annual fee for the beer and/or wine specialty shop license is one 24 hundred dollars for each store. The sale of any container holding four gallons or more must comply with RCW 66.28.200 and 66.28.220. 25

(2) Licensees under this section may provide, free or for a charge, single-serving samples of two ounces or less to customers for the purpose of sales promotion. Sampling activities of licensees under this section are subject to RCW 66.28.010 and 66.28.040 and the cost of sampling under this section may not be borne, directly or indirectly, by any manufacturer, importer, or distributor of liquor.

(3) Upon approval by the board, the beer and/or wine specialty shop licensee that exceeds fifty percent beer and/or wine sales may also receive an endorsement to permit the sale of beer to a purchaser in a sanitary\_container\_brought\_to\_the\_premises\_by\_the\_purchaser,\_or provided by the licensee or manufacturer, and fill at the tap by the licensee at the time of sale. If the beer\_and/or wine specialty shop 1 licensee does not exceed fifty percent beer and/or wine sales, the 2 board may waive the fifty percent beer and/or wine sale criteria if the 3 beer\_and/or\_wine\_specialty\_shop\_maintains\_alcohol\_inventory\_that 4 exceeds fifteen thousand dollars.

5 <u>(4)</u> The board shall issue a restricted beer and/or wine specialty 6 shop license, authorizing the licensee to sell beer and only table 7 wine, if the board finds upon issuance or renewal of the license that 8 the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be against the public 9 interest. In determining the public interest, the board shall consider 10 at least the following factors:

11 (a) The likelihood that the applicant will sell strong beer or 12 fortified wine to persons who are intoxicated;

(b) Law enforcement problems in the vicinity of the applicant's establishment that may arise from persons purchasing strong beer or fortified wine at the establishment; and

16 (c) Whether the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be 17 detrimental to or inconsistent with a government-operated or funded 18 alcohol treatment or detoxification program in the area.

19 If the board receives no evidence or objection that the sale of 20 strong beer or fortified wine would be against the public interest, it 21 shall issue or renew the license without restriction, as applicable. 22 The burden of establishing that the sale of strong beer or fortified 23 wine by the licensee would be against the public interest is on those 24 persons objecting.

25 (((4))) (5) Licensees holding a beer and/or wine specialty shop 26 license must maintain a minimum three thousand dollar wholesale 27 inventory of beer, strong beer, and/or wine.

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(6) The board may adopt rules to implement this section.

Sec. 5. RCW 66.24.244 and 2008 c 248 s 2 and 2008 c 41 s 9 are ach reenacted and amended to read as follows:

31 (1) There shall be a license for microbreweries; fee to be one 32 hundred dollars for production of less than sixty thousand barrels of 33 malt liquor, including strong beer, per year.

34 (2) Any microbrewery licensed under this section may also act as a
 35 distributor and/or retailer for beer and strong beer of its own
 36 production. Strong beer may not be sold at a farmers market or under
 37 any endorsement which may authorize microbreweries to sell beer at

farmers markets. Any microbrewery operating as a distributor and/or 1 2 retailer under this subsection shall comply with the applicable laws and rules relating to distributors and/or retailers, except that a 3 microbrewery operating as a distributor may maintain a warehouse off 4 the premises of the microbrewery for the distribution of beer provided 5 that (a) the warehouse has been approved by the board under RCW 6 7 66.24.010 and (b) the number of warehouses off the premises of the microbrewery does not exceed one. A microbrewery holding a spirits, 8 beer, and wine restaurant license may sell beer of its own production 9 for off-premises consumption from its restaurant premises in keqs or in 10 a sanitary container brought to the premises by the purchaser or 11 furnished by the licensee and filled at the tap by the licensee at the 12 13 time of sale.

14 (3) Any microbrewery licensed under this section may also sell beer 15 produced by another microbrewery or a domestic brewery for on and off-16 premises consumption from its premises as long as the other breweries' 17 brands do not exceed twenty-five percent of the microbrewery's on-tap 18 offering of its own brands.

19 <u>(4)</u> The board may issue up to two retail licenses allowing a 20 microbrewery to operate an on or off-premise tavern, beer and/or wine 21 restaurant, or spirits, beer, and wine restaurant.

((<del>(4)</del>)) <u>(5)</u> A microbrewery that holds a tavern license, spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license, or a beer and/or wine restaurant license shall hold the same privileges and endorsements as permitted under RCW 66.24.320, 66.24.330, and 66.24.420.

(((5))) (6)(a) A microbrewery licensed under this section may apply to the board for an endorsement to sell bottled beer of its own production at retail for off-premises consumption at a qualifying farmers market. The annual fee for this endorsement is seventy-five dollars.

(b) For each month during which a microbrewery will sell beer at a qualifying farmers market, the microbrewery must provide the board or its designee a list of the dates, times, and locations at which bottled beer may be offered for sale. This list must be received by the board before the microbrewery may offer beer for sale at a qualifying farmers market.

37 (c) The beer sold at qualifying farmers markets must be produced in38 Washington.

(d) Each approved location in a qualifying farmers market is deemed 1 2 to be part of the microbrewery license for the purpose of this title. The approved locations under an endorsement granted under this 3 subsection  $\left(\left(\frac{5}{5}\right)\right)$  do not constitute the tasting or sampling 4 5 privilege of a microbrewery. The microbrewery may not store beer at a farmers market beyond the hours that the microbrewery offers bottled 6 7 beer for sale. The microbrewery may not act as a distributor from a 8 farmers market location.

(e) Before a microbrewery may sell bottled beer at a qualifying 9 10 farmers market, the farmers market must apply to the board for authorization for any microbrewery with an endorsement approved under 11 12 this subsection (((5))) (6) to sell bottled beer at retail at the 13 farmers market. This application shall include, at a minimum: (i) A 14 map of the farmers market showing all booths, stalls, or other designated locations at which an approved microbrewery may sell bottled 15 beer; and (ii) the name and contact information for the on-site market 16 17 managers who may be contacted by the board or its designee to verify the locations at which bottled beer may be sold. Before authorizing a 18 qualifying farmers market to allow an approved microbrewery to sell 19 bottled beer at retail at its farmers market location, the board shall 20 21 notify the persons or entities of the application for authorization 22 pursuant to RCW 66.24.010 (8) and (9). An authorization granted under this subsection  $\left(\left(\frac{5}{5}\right)\right)$  (6) (e) may be withdrawn by the board for any 23 24 violation of this title or any rules adopted under this title.

(f) The board may adopt rules establishing the application and approval process under this section and any additional rules necessary to implement this section.

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(g) For the purposes of this subsection (((5))) (6):

(i) "Qualifying farmers market" means an entity that sponsors a regular assembly of vendors at a defined location for the purpose of promoting the sale of agricultural products grown or produced in this state directly to the consumer under conditions that meet the following minimum requirements:

34 (A) There are at least five participating vendors who are farmers35 selling their own agricultural products;

36 (B) The total combined gross annual sales of vendors who are 37 farmers exceeds the total combined gross annual sales of vendors who 38 are processors or resellers; 1 (C) The total combined gross annual sales of vendors who are 2 farmers, processors, or resellers exceeds the total combined gross 3 annual sales of vendors who are not farmers, processors, or resellers;

4 (D) The sale of imported items and secondhand items by any vendor 5 is prohibited; and

6

(E) No vendor is a franchisee.

7 (ii) "Farmer" means a natural person who sells, with or without 8 processing, agricultural products that he or she raises on land he or 9 she owns or leases in this state or in another state's county that 10 borders this state.

(iii) "Processor" means a natural person who sells processed food that he or she has personally prepared on land he or she owns or leases in this state or in another state's county that borders this state.

14 (iv) "Reseller" means a natural person who buys agricultural 15 products from a farmer and resells the products directly to the 16 consumer.

17 (((-6))) (7) Any microbrewery licensed under this section may 18 contract-produce beer for another microbrewer. This contract-19 production is not a sale for the purposes of RCW 66.28.170 and 20 66.28.180.

21 Sec. 6. RCW 66.24.240 and 2008 c 41 s 7 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

(1) There shall be a license for domestic breweries; fee to be two
 thousand dollars for production of sixty thousand barrels or more of
 malt liquor per year.

26 (2) Any domestic brewery, except for a brand owner of malt beverages under RCW 66.04.010(((6))) (7), licensed under this section 27 may also act as a distributor and/or retailer for beer of its own 28 production. Any domestic brewery operating as a distributor and/or 29 retailer under this subsection shall comply with the applicable laws 30 31 and rules relating to distributors and/or retailers. A domestic brewery holding a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license may sell 32 beer of its own production for off-premises consumption from its 33 restaurant premises in kegs or in a sanitary container brought to the 34 premises by the purchaser or furnished by the licensee and filled at 35 36 the tap by the licensee at the time of sale.

(3) <u>Any domestic brewery licensed under this section may also sell</u>
 <u>beer produced by another domestic brewery or a microbrewery for on and</u>
 <u>off-premises\_consumption\_from\_its\_premises\_as\_long\_as\_the\_other</u>
 <u>breweries'\_brands\_do\_not\_exceed\_twenty-five\_percent\_of\_the\_domestic</u>
 <u>brewery's on-tap offering of its own brands.</u>

6 (4) A domestic brewery may hold up to two retail licenses to 7 operate an on or off-premise tavern, beer and/or wine restaurant, or 8 spirits, beer, and wine restaurant. This retail license is separate 9 from the brewery license. A brewery that holds a tavern license, a 10 spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license, or a beer and/or wine 11 restaurant license shall hold the same privileges and endorsements as 12 permitted under RCW 66.24.320, 66.24.330, and 66.24.420.

13 (((4))) (5) Any domestic brewery licensed under this section may 14 contract-produce beer for a brand owner of malt beverages defined under 15 RCW 66.04.010(((6))) (7), and this contract-production is not a sale 16 for the purposes of RCW 66.28.170 and 66.28.180.

17 (((5))) (6)(a) A domestic brewery licensed under this section and 18 qualified for a reduced rate of taxation pursuant to RCW 19 66.24.290(3)(b) may apply to the board for an endorsement to sell 20 bottled beer of its own production at retail for off-premises 21 consumption at a qualifying farmers market. The annual fee for this 22 endorsement is seventy-five dollars.

(b) For each month during which a domestic brewery will sell beer at a qualifying farmers market, the domestic brewery must provide the board or its designee a list of the dates, times, and locations at which bottled beer may be offered for sale. This list must be received by the board before the domestic brewery may offer beer for sale at a qualifying farmers market.

(c) The beer sold at qualifying farmers markets must be produced inWashington.

(d) Each approved location in a qualifying farmers market is deemed 31 32 to be part of the domestic brewery license for the purpose of this title. The approved locations under an endorsement granted under this 33 34 subsection do not include the tasting or sampling privilege of a domestic brewery. The domestic brewery may not store beer at a farmers 35 market beyond the hours that the domestic brewery offers bottled beer 36 37 for sale. The domestic brewery may not act as a distributor from a 38 farmers market location.

(e) Before a domestic brewery may sell bottled beer at a qualifying 1 2 farmers market, the farmers market must apply to the board for authorization for any domestic brewery with an endorsement approved 3 under this subsection to sell bottled beer at retail at the farmers 4 market. This application shall include, at a minimum: (i) A map of 5 the farmers market showing all booths, stalls, or other designated б 7 locations at which an approved domestic brewery may sell bottled beer; and (ii) the name and contact information for the on-site market 8 managers who may be contacted by the board or its designee to verify 9 10 the locations at which bottled beer may be sold. Before authorizing a qualifying farmers market to allow an approved domestic brewery to sell 11 12 bottled beer at retail at its farmers market location, the board shall 13 notify the persons or entities of such application for authorization 14 pursuant to RCW 66.24.010 (8) and (9). An authorization granted under this subsection  $\left(\left(\frac{5}{5}\right)\right)$  (6) (e) may be withdrawn by the board for any 15 16 violation of this title or any rules adopted under this title.

(f) The board may adopt rules establishing the application and approval process under this section and such additional rules as may be necessary to implement this section.

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(g) For the purposes of this subsection:

(i) "Qualifying farmers market" means an entity that sponsors a regular assembly of vendors at a defined location for the purpose of promoting the sale of agricultural products grown or produced in this state directly to the consumer under conditions that meet the following minimum requirements:

26 (A) There are at least five participating vendors who are farmers27 selling their own agricultural products;

(B) The total combined gross annual sales of vendors who are
 farmers exceeds the total combined gross annual sales of vendors who
 are processors or resellers;

31 (C) The total combined gross annual sales of vendors who are 32 farmers, processors, or resellers exceeds the total combined gross 33 annual sales of vendors who are not farmers, processors, or resellers;

34 (D) The sale of imported items and secondhand items by any vendor35 is prohibited; and

36 (E) No vendor is a franchisee.

37 (ii) "Farmer" means a natural person who sells, with or without

1 processing, agricultural products that he or she raises on land he or 2 she owns or leases in this state or in another state's county that 3 borders this state.

4 (iii) "Processor" means a natural person who sells processed food 5 that he or she has personally prepared on land he or she owns or leases 6 in this state or in another state's county that borders this state.

7 (iv) "Reseller" means a natural person who buys agricultural 8 products from a farmer and resells the products directly to the 9 consumer.

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